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## Raucous debate launches referendum on $]$

Townwide vote Aug. 2
to settle caustic issue
By SUSANN VIAFORA
Staff Writer
LEBANON - About 300 residents, state and local officials gathered Tuesday to discuss the Lake Williams purchase proposal, and after nearly two hours, the only consensus reached by the crowd was to send the matter to referendum Aug. 2.

The meeting was a scene of neighbors and friends apologizing to each other for holding opposing viewpoints; of loud clapping, bitter accusations, posturing and complaining; of handshakes and backslaps and earnest debate on a complex issue.

Many seated toward the rear of the crowded elementary school gymnasium couldn't even hear what was going on, and cries of "What's the motion? What did he say?" punctuated the meeting. But for most of those present, it was a chance to question state Department of Environmental Protection representatives on the details of the proposal and try to clear up confusion.


Photo by Susann Viafora
Lebanon residents packed the meeting hall Tuesday to examine the state Department of Environmental Protection's proposal for the purchase of Lake Williams. A townwide referendum is set for purchase
August.

On one side of the fence were those, primarily lakeside property owners, who said that they alone cannot bear the burden of the town's two-thirds, $\$ 426,667$ share of the purchase price. On the other side were residents who argue that townspeople should not have to pay for something for which they will not directly benefit. And then, there were some who said the town should not have to pay at all.
"If this deal is consummated, this will be a public lake owned by the state of Connecticut and there will be public access," said First Selectman Richard Bauwens, outlining the terms of the proposal. "She (DEP Commissioner Leslie Carothers) has made a commitment to purchase land for a boat launch and a picnic area. There will be no swimming area."

In addition to the $\$ 213,333$ one-third share of the purchase price, the state will also pay up to $\$ 400,000$ to repair the dam, Bauwens said. Up to $\$ 160,000$ will be set aside to acquire five acres of land on the east side of the dam for maintenance and repair, and up to $\$ 273,000$ to construct a boat launch and picnic area on four acres on the southwestern edge of the lake, off Route 207. According to the current proposal, each town taxpayer would be assessed a one-time tax of 4.6 mills.
Carothers recently notified the town that construction on the dam will not begin until late 1989 or early 1990, with two or three years needed for completion of the necessary repairs, Bauwens said. The level of water will remain the same throughout that time, except during the actual construction phase when water will have to be drained from the lake.
"I believe this is a very generous state contribution for the restoration of Lake Williams," Bauwens told the crowd. "The state has made a large commitment in both funds and staff ... At this point, it is up to , the town, the biggest beneficiary."
"The state will have to shell out well over a million dollars," nodded state Rep. Edith Prague (D-Columbia). "In turn, the state is asking the town to fork over two-thirds of the appraisal price."
"We have a resource that we need to protect," said Lake Williams Beach Association president Kent Sleath. "We have 49 property owners along Lake Williams; there's no way 49 property owners can support $\$ 426,000$."
Sleath is also serving as chairman of the Save Lake Williams action committee. The group recently mailed a flyer to town residents, which states $\$ 100,000$ in tax revenues would be saved by preserving the lake. An additional $\$ 33,000$ to $\$ 70,000$ would be obtained by increased property revenues and development of seasonal lots
along the lake shore - seasonal lots which do not place a burden on town services. Also, conclusion of the lake deal would afford area residents with 250 acres of clean water for bass fishing, boating and wildlife, according to the flyer.
"The lake is not a DEP issue, it's a community issue," said Richard Clifford, director of the DEP parks division. As a public facility, the lake would be open to all state residents and not just residents of Lebanon, he noted. "Our commissioner and our department are trying to help you solve the problem."
In response to residents' queries on why the DEP rejected a proposed swimming area, Clifford said the lake is not considered large enough to justify the expense of developing a swimming area. He also said he is not aware of any determination that the quality of the water is "unsuitable" for a public swimming area.
That statement was contained in a letter written by Carothers and sent to the selectmen earlier this year.
Other proponents of the lake proposal included "40-year summer resident Nancy Viccaro. "We've helped you (pay taxes) for 40 years, and I feel you should at least consider helping us."
"I've lived at the lake 20 years, and I've seen the lake half that time," said Lake Shore Drive resident Frank Adamcewicz. "People say, 'Why should I pay, I'm not going to use it.' I say to you, I pay for the schools, and I don't use thèm. We all have to pay for the schools, the library. Let's have a nice natural resource in Lake Williams."
"I think the important thing for us to think of is, what are we going to leave our kids?" Prague said, noting that four mills equates to $\$ 160$ a year, or about $\$ 3$ a week for the average taxpayer. "The state is not going to come in and pay the full cost. This is the first time the state is going to buy a lake $\ldots$. It was only because the governor's office got involved that the (lake owners Charles and Lawrence) Gilmans agreed to sit down and talk. If Lake Williams goes, Lake Williams goes and that'll be it for the future."

But opponents of the deal cited limited public access at the lake, an upcoming school building project and the cost of expanded town services as reasons for rejecting the proposal to assess each taxpayer equally.
> ${ }^{6}$ If Lake Williams goes, Lake Williams goes and that'll be it for the future.',

-Edith Prague
State representative


building committee and a member of the library Board of Trustees. He attributed the success of 2 the referendum to the committee's recent efforts to inform the public of the facts, including mailing fliers, telephoning voters, and writing letters to the editors of various newspapers.
"I was up until 2 a.m. last night folding little yellow fliers," Flaherty laughed.
Indeed, bright red "vote yes" signs appeared to be posted on every tree, telephone pole and plot of

## Stockholders dispute Lake Williams sale

LEBANON - The minority shareholders of the Gilman Brothers Co. have filed suit against the majority claiming that they overstepped their bounds when they agreed to sell the Lake Williams dam and water rights to the state and the town.

According to First Selectman Richard Bauwens, a copy of the complaint was sent to the town clerk's office earlier this week.
The suit claims that company president Charles Gilman, the company itself, and its board of directors lacked the authority to agree to the sale of the dam and water rights for $\$ 640,000$

Charles' brother Lawrence and other minority shareholders filed the suit, saying that two-thirds of the shareholders had to approve the sale to the state and the town before it could go through.

The sale agreement is expected to go before town residents in a referendum Tuesday. Residents will be asked to authorize spending $\$ 422,400$ as the town's share of the purchase price. Under the agreement, the town would cover two-thirds of the price of the dam and water rights and the state would pay a third. The state would then repair the dam and purchase land for recreational use.
Although the suit did not ask for a court order to cancel the referendum, it does ask the court to cancel the agreement until two-thirds of the Gilman Brothers Co. shareholders approve of the terms.


## Editorials

## Vote 'Yes' For Lake Williams

> When the last tree has been cut down, the last fish taken from the oceans, and the last inch of soil poisoned only then will man realize he cannot eat money. - Indian proverb

Tuesday, Aug. 2, the voters of Lebanon will decide on the future of Lake Williams.
That once-beautiful body of water which brought pleasure to hundreds and hundreds of people every year is now a weed-filled mudflat which offers nothing to humankind. It is no longer beautiful, and it is incapable of supporting the life of fish or fowl. Where pickerel, bass and bullheads once swam and where Canada geese and other fowl, heading north or south, stopped for a brief overnight respite on the rich waters of the lake, has disappeared. The sound of a fish jumping or the call of wild birds mixed with the laughter of children playing at the water's edge has been replaced by the voice of the toad and the frog and the hum of the dragon fly. The lake looks now like a giant ring whose great jewel has been lost.
Those concerned with environmental issues claim it might be better for nature if the area remains a mud flat. This may be true, but Lake Williams at its best use was as a people place.

Some say the recovery of the lake will just serve those who live at the lake. This is not so. A body of water the size of Lake Williams enhances the entire town and will make every acre of ground in the town more valuable. Just as the location of a new school in one neighborhood does improve the neighborhood, it also enchances the entire town.

[^0]THE STANDARD July 30, 1988


## Lake Williams

The long history of Lebanon's Lake Williams is a tale of false hope, broken promises, and boiling frustration. The immediate future of this cherished body of water may hinge on the outcome of Tuesday's referendum vote.

After 10 years of little progress, the state has come up with a reasonable cost-sharing plan that requires the town to contribute less than half of the $\$ 1.5$ million total project cost. The $\$ 640,000$ lake purchase price would be split, with the state paying $\$ 213,333$ and the town funding the remaining $\$ 467,667$. In addition, the state will spend about $\$ 400,000$ for much-needed repairs to the lake dam, and will build a public boat lauch on property purchased for as much as $\$ 160,000$.

Although pending litigation now puts the validity of the state's purchase agreement in doubt, residents will vote on the proposal Tuesday at a townwide referendum that is expected to draw great interest. About 300 residents convened at a meeting earlier in July to debate the issue with local and state officials and representatives from the state Department of Environmental Protection. The meeting was heated, and served as an example of just how far this town is divided over the issue.

At the heart of contention is how the town should pay for its share of the lake cost. Originally, First Selectman Richard Bauwens was in favor of a plan that would establish a tax district comprised of homes within the Lake Williams area. That district would have paid a heavier burden of the town's share, based on the fact that their properties would benefit mostly from the the lake purchase. After stiff resistance from residents around the lake, officials instead decided to pay for the lake with a one-time tax assessment that would tax each Lebanon resident equally.
It's unfortunate that lakeside residents and other town officials rejected this plan. The tax district proposal was a far more equitable approach to assessing the Lake Williams purchase on individual households. Increased property values and a secured future for the 270 -acre lake impact heavily on those nearby property owners. The remainder of Lebanon residents will see little benefit from the lake purchase; although public boating access to the lake will be provided, that is hardly enough reason for most residents to vote in favor of the plan, particularly considering the state's recent purchase of 605 acres of land on Old Route 2 that will offer the public numerous recreational opportunties, including a swimming area.

Since the purchase plan was revealed this spring, lake residents have made little effort on their own behalf. Instead of offering to form a tax district to lessen the tax burden on the rest of town, lake officials quickly tossed aside the idea. Despite suggestions to do so, the group never bothered to detail the impact a special tax would have on all the homes that could comprise the district.

Seasonal and elderly lake residents point to school spending as an example of how they have contributed to the town tax rolls without receiving any benefit. But the reputation of a town school system relects indirectly in the value of every resident's home. It is doubtful the status of Lake Williams makes much of an impact on the any home value besides those on the lake.
Despite its flaws, the First Selectman should be congratulated for bringing this proposal along so far. In less than a year in office, Bauwens has accomplished more to solve the persistent problems at

Lake Williams than his predecessors did in a decade.

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## INSIDE CONNECTICUT

## Eastern Edition

## State considers buying Lebanon's Red Cedar Lake site for park land

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## New tax district seen as solution for Lake Williams

LEBANON-First Selectman Richard Bauwens has proposed creation of a Lake Williams tax district - an idea that apparently meets with approval of the lake association.
Bauwens is also considering an idea whereby the state would drop plans to purchase a boatlaunch and picnic area so that the overall cost of the lake purchase would drop in half, to \$213,000

Lake Williams Beach Association president Kent Sleath said this morning that Bauwens has not discussed the proposal with the association, but that the board of directors had approved Bauwen's concept of a tax district in Feburary, although no specifics were discussed.
"We are interested in saving the lake as it is a valuable resource," Sleath said.

Any plan would have to be approved by the state De partment of Environmental Protection, the agency which would be putting up the state's share of the money.

DEP Commisioner Leslie Carothers said last week she likes the idea of a tax district and said it is a beter idea than the one which was defeated in the Aug. 2 referendum.
The new plans for the lake, dam and water rights were prompted by voters' rejection last week of a plan whereby the
town would pay $\$ 426,000$ town would pay $\$ 426,000$ or
two-thirds of the overall cost of the property. The state would come up with the remaining $\$ 213,000$.
$\xrightarrow{\text { Some speculated the reason }}$

to pay for one-third of the purchase cost at $\$ 213,000$, would then be asked to reallocate money set aside for the proposed picnic and boat launch area towards the purchase of
the lake instead, increasingthe state's contribution to the purchase cost to $\$ 426,000$ and leaving the tax district to pay $\$ 213,000$.



[^0]:    The town will never have another opportunity to get support funding from the state. The town's share will be $\$ 426,000$ to be paid with a one-time tax rate of 4.6 mills. The state, which in a way represents every other town in the state, is willing to spend $\$ 1$ million to bring the lake back to its original condition, which means that someone in Hartford recognizes the real worth of such a treasure.

    After 10 years of doing battle alone to save the lake, it is time for the entire town to join the fray. It is also time to return the pickerel, the bass, the bullhead to the waters of the lake. It is time for the geese and the other fowl to return. It is time to make the lake a people place again.
    Vote "YES" on Tuesday.

[^1]:    payers, especially those who do not
    live near the lake. Reed said the Red Cedar Lake
    site, once a summer camp, is "a site, once a summer camp, is the possibility of also purchasing adja-
    
    
    
    
     housands of dead and dying fish,
    urtles and other animals to rot in
    he summer sun.
    At the time, company represent-
    atives said they needed the water
    downstream in Bozrah. The action
    angered lake-area residents.
    Lake Williams is now about half
    ull.
    In response to the draining, the full. response to the draining, the Late Williams' dam and water flow
     The total lake area would
    likely cost several million
    dollars to acquire, Reed
    said.
    for the town," Bauwens said. But he for the town," Bauwens opposed to a state park in town." Co.
     Environmental Protection.
    The total lake area, about 340
    acres, would likely cost several mil-
    lion dollars to acquire, Reed said. A
    formal appraisal of the lake, which
    is privately owned, is expected to be
    completed by early March.
    Meanwhile, First Selectman Rich-
    ard R. Bauwens said Wednesday that
    Lebanon is "faced with serious prob-
    lems at Lake Williams," which is in
    the northwestern corner of town.
    "We are trying to change their
    efforts from Red Cedar Lake to Lake
    Williams. It's a better alternative. By SCOTT WENGER
    Courant Staff: प!'riter LEBANON - The state is consid-
    ering a proposal to acquire Red Ceering a proposal to acquire Red Cepark, but local officials said Wednesday they would rather have the state purchase Lake Williams.
    The 140 -acre Red Cedar Lake, in Lebanon's extreme southern corner, recreation, said Charles J. Reed, director of land acquisition and man-
    agement for the state Department of

